

Why North Texas Is Hard On Entry Doors

North Texas is rough on exterior doors because the weather does not stay mild for long.

The biggest stress is not one dramatic event, it is the repeated cycle of expansion, contraction, and sun exposure.

A lot of homeowners focus on appearance first, then discover later that the material they picked was fine on paper but not ideal for intense sun or movement from expansive clay soil.

Why Fiberglass Is Often The Smartest Long Term Choice

For many North Texas homes, fiberglass is the best balance of durability, stability, and low maintenance.

Fiberglass is especially useful where the door sees temperature swings and direct exposure.

Finish quality [Frisco Window & Door Solutions](#) still counts. A door under a deep porch usually ages better than one sitting fully exposed to west sun, even if both are fiberglass.

Fiberglass also performs well when homeowners want a wood look but do not want a maintenance routine that never ends.

When Metal Doors Make Sense In North Texas

For secondary entries, garages, and utility doors, steel often makes more sense than a decorative material that costs more but does not add much practical value.

The weak point is corrosion and finish wear, especially if the door is scratched or the protective coating is compromised.

They are heavy enough that the hinges, frame, and anchoring must be right from day one, or the door will sag, rub, or pull on the frame over time.

If you want a door that looks substantial and you are willing to maintain the finish, iron can be a strong option.

Wood Doors: Beautiful, But More Demanding In This Climate

A solid wood door has a warmth and depth that many homeowners still prefer, especially on older homes or custom builds.

If a front door faces west or sits without much shade, the finish can degrade quickly unless it is regularly sealed and maintained.

That is where wood makes sense, especially on custom homes where the entry is sheltered and the visual impact matters as much as function.

An experienced company can confirm the cause with a quick inspection.

What Actually Makes A Door Last Longer Here

A door that is well engineered, properly sealed, and correctly installed will usually outperform a fancier door that was hung poorly.

For most homes, the strongest setup includes a durable slab, a stable frame, quality hinges, proper weatherstripping, and a finish that is rated for exterior exposure.

A few signs usually point to a door that is not holding up well in this climate:

- It binds or rubs more during hot afternoons or after a cold snap.
- The coating is breaking down faster than it should.
- There is visible damage where weather and moisture are getting in.
- The lock no longer lines up cleanly with the strike plate.
- Air leaks are obvious around the perimeter even after adjusting the hardware.

The right answer depends on exposure, budget, and how much upkeep you are willing to accept over time.

That is the part homeowners miss most often, because a beautiful door can still fail early if it is installed in a shifting opening or left unprotected under harsh afternoon sun.